

#### 1. Covenant Review -

(Hebrew *B'reit*): A covenant is an agreement between two parties in which one or both make promises under oath to perform or refrain from certain actions stipulated in advance.

#### 2. Covenant Ratification -

- Ratification formal consent, making officially valid, "sign on the dotted line."
- In the ancient world, covenants were ratified by shedding a sacrifice's blood rather than a ballpoint pen (Ex. 24:1-8).
- The blood symbolizes the **life** of each party to the covenant (Lev. 17:11; Heb. 9:11-15).

## 3. Blood Path Ratification Ceremony -

• Sacrificial animals are divided in two – "cut" in half – and placed across from each other to create a path of blood.

#### 4. To "Cut a Covenant" -

- Hebrew idiomatic expression for making a covenant is to "cut a covenant."
- The Hebrew term "to cut a covenant" is "*karat b'reit*." And refers to the act of cutting an animal two for covenant-making (Gen. 15:18)
- Each party to the covenant walked through the pieces while reciting their vows.
- This ritual act communicates, "If I violate this covenant, you can do this to me."

# 5. Eighteenth-century-B.C. treaty between Ashurnirari V of Assyria and Mati'ilu of Arpad – 1

"This head is not the head of a lamb, it is the head of *Mati'ilu*, it is the head of his sons, his officials, and the people of his land. If *Mati'ilu* sins against this treaty, so may, just as the head of this spring lamb is torn off...the head of *Mati'ilu* be torn off, and of his sons...."

- 6. **Jeremiah 34:18-20** the leaders of Judah and Jerusalem reneged on a covenant promise to release fellow Israelites who were being held as slaves to other Israelites.
- **7. God's Presence** Smoke (cloud) or fire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pritchard, James B., 2011. *The Ancient Near East: an Anthology of Texts and Pictures*. Princeton, N.J: Princeton University Press, pp. 210-211.



### 8. **Genesis 12 – 18** – God's Covenant with Abraham

• The covenant promises and stipulations/obligations are spread out and reiterated over multiple chapters.

God's Promises	
- great nation	Gen. 12:2, 18:18
- name great	Gen. 12:2
- bless all people on earth through you	Gen. 12: 3, 18:18
- protect you	Gen. 15:1
- many descendants	Gen 15:5
- land grant	Gen. 12:7, 15:7, 17:8
- the father of many nations	Gen. 17:4

Abraham's Obligations		
- walk before me and be <b>blameless</b>	Gen. 17:1	
- every male must be circumcised	Gen. 17:10	
- teach your descendants to 'keep the way of the LORD by doing what is	Gen. 18:19	
right and just' (obey God's commandments)		

## 9. **Genesis 15** – Covenant Ratification Ceremony

- Does Abraham pass through the pieces? No!
- God passes through the pieces on Abraham's behalf accepting the penalty for both sides of the covenant!

"Abraham, if you, or any of your descendants, sin against this covenant, I will pay the penalty on your behalf."

- 10. Genesis 15:12 "deep sleep" and "thick and dreadful darkness."
  - God is showing Abraham the future
    - o the rabbis debated how far into the future God showed him.
    - o Some said the day of the Exodus (Ex. 12:41), while others said the day of the Messiah.<sup>2</sup>
    - o **John 8:56** (see also Heb. 11:13)
- 11. **Genesis 15:18** "On that day" the Rabbi's debated what day this meant.
  - Exodus 12:41 says, "On that very day," the Israelites left Egypt the day was Passover!
  - 1. God's covenant w/ Abraham must have happened on Passover "on that day."
  - 2. The same day, 430 years later, Abrahams's descendants would leave Egypt "on that day."
  - 3. The same day Passover Jesus died as the Lamb of God fulfilling the covenant promise to pay the penalty for sin *and* as the ratification sacrifice for a New Covenant!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Genesis Rabbah 44:22.